Kansas 2013 Fiduciary Income Tax

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX RATES. The Kansas income tax rates have been reduced for tax year 2013 to 3.0% for the bottom bracket and 4.9% for the top bracket. Beginning in tax year 2014, the bottom and top brackets will be reduced to 2.7% and 4.8% respectively. These income tax rates will continue to drop through tax year 2018.

TAX CREDITS REPEALED. Beginning with tax year 2013, a number of tax credits have either expired or been repealed for individual income tax purposes, which may effect modifications to fiduciary income. Refer to Notices 12-04 and 12-05 on our web site for more information.

GENERAL INFORMATION

If any due date falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, substitute the next regular workday.

Who Must File a Return

Resident Estate or Trust. The fiduciary of a resident estate or trust must file a Kansas Fiduciary Income Tax Return (K-41) if the estate or trust had any taxable income or there is withholding tax due for the nonresident beneficiaries. A resident *estate* is the estate of a person who was a Kansas resident at the time of death. All other estates are nonresident estates. A resident *trust* is any trust which is administered by the trustee in Kansas. A trust being administered outside of Kansas shall not be considered a resident trust merely because the governing instrument or a law requires that the laws of Kansas be followed with respect to interpretation or administration of the trust. All other trusts are nonresident trusts.

Nonresident Estate or Trust. The fiduciary of a nonresident estate or trust must file a Kansas Fiduciary Income Tax Return if the estate or trust had taxable income or gain derived from Kansas sources. This includes income or gain from: 1) real or tangible personal property located within Kansas; 2) a business, profession or occupation carried on within Kansas; or, 3) services performed within Kansas.

For a nonresident estate or trust, income from the following is <u>not</u> considered to be derived from Kansas sources: annuities, interest, dividends, or gains from the sale or exchange of intangible personal property, unless part of the income from a business, trade, profession, or occupation carried on within Kansas.

When and Where to File

You should complete your Kansas fiduciary return after the federal fiduciary return is complete, and it is due no later than the 15th day of the fourth month after the close of the taxable year (April 15th for those operating on a calendar year basis). Mail your Fiduciary Income Tax return to: KANSAS FIDUCIARY TAX, KANSAS DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE, PO BOX 758571, TOPEKA, KS 66675-8571.

Extension of Time to File

An extension of time to file is **not** an extension to pay.

If you are unable to complete your Kansas fiduciary return by the filing deadline, you may request an extension of time to file. If you filed Form 7004 with the IRS for an extension of time, enclose a copy of that form with your completed K-41. (Kansas does not have a separate extension request form but will accept an approved federal Extension of Time To File form.) If you do not pay the tax amount due (may be estimated) by the original due date, you will owe interest and may also be charged a penalty on any balance due.

Accounting Period

The accounting period for which the Kansas fiduciary return is filed and the method of accounting used must be the same as that used for federal tax purposes. If, for federal purposes, the taxable year for the estate or trust changes or the method of accounting is changed, the changes also apply to the Kansas return.

Withholding Tax Payments

Kansas law requires the fiduciary of a resident estate or trust to submit the payment of withholding tax for its nonresident beneficiaries, if it is \$5 or more, with the filing of Form K-41. Complete Part IV, and enter the total from Column E on line 6 of Form K-41.

Estimated Tax

Estates and trusts are required to make federal estimated tax payments; however, Kansas statutes exempt estates and trusts from making estimated tax payments for Kansas fiduciary purposes.

Fiduciary Reporting to Beneficiaries

Fiduciaries must provide each beneficiary with the amount of the fiduciary modification to be used in the preparation of the beneficiary's Kansas individual income tax return. See page 2, Part II, Column D.

In addition, fiduciaries must provide each nonresident beneficiary with the amount of their share of income and credits from page 3, Part IV of Form K-41, and when Kansas tax is withheld, supply Form K-18 to the nonresident beneficiary. Fiduciary modifications, beneficiaries' shares of fiduciary modifications, and beneficiaries' shares of income and credits are computed on pages 2 and 3 of Form K-41 in Parts I, II, III and IV.

Federal Return

Enclose with Form K-41 a copy of your Federal Form 1041, including all schedules as filed with the IRS. The processing of your Kansas fiduciary return may be delayed if your *federal* fiduciary return is not included.

Confidential Information

Income tax information disclosed to KDOR (Kansas Department of Revenue), either on returns or through department investigation, is held in strict confidence by law. KDOR and the IRS have an agreement under which income tax information is exchanged. This is to verify the accuracy and consistency of information reported on federal and Kansas fiduciary returns.

Amended Returns

You must file an amended K-41 when: 1) an error was made on your Kansas return, 2) there is a change (error or adjustment) on another state's return, or 3) there is a change (error or adjustment) on your federal return. To amend your original return, use Form K-41 and mark the *amended return* checkbox. Pay the full amount of tax and interest due and no late pay penalty will be assessed. See our web site for interest rates.

If you are filing an amended federal return for the same taxable year as this amended return, enclose a copy of the amended federal return and an explanation of all changes made on your amended Kansas return. If your amended federal return is adjusted or disallowed, provide KDOR with a copy of the adjustment or denial letter.

If you have not yet filed a Kansas K-41 but you filed your original federal return *and* the federal return has been amended or adjusted, use the information on the amended/adjusted federal return to complete your original Kansas return. A copy of both the original and amended federal returns should be enclosed with the Kansas return along with an explanation of the changes.

SPECIFIC LINE INSTRUCTIONS

HEADING. Type or print your name and address in the spaces provided. If your name or address changed since you last filed, mark an "X" in the box below the heading. If filing an amended return, mark an "X" in the box below your name and address.

TELEPHONE NUMBER. If a problem should arise in processing your return, it is helpful for KDOR to have a telephone number where you can be reached during office hours. The number you provide will be kept confidential.

FILING STATUS. The filing status shown on Form K-41 will reflect the nature of the entity for which the return is being filed.

RESIDENCY STATUS. Residents: If you are filing for a resident estate or trust, check the box for residents. If all income is taxable to the fiduciary and no distributions are made or required to be made, only Part I must be completed. If there are only resident beneficiaries, or if no amounts are distributable to nonresident beneficiaries, then it is necessary to complete only Parts I and II. If there are nonresident beneficiaries, then it is generally necessary to complete all parts. However, if amounts distributed to nonresidents are nontaxable, then Part IV may be omitted. Nonresidents: If you are filing for a nonresident estate or trust, check the box for nonresidents. If there are resident and/or nonresident beneficiaries, then all parts must be completed. However, if all income is taxable to the fiduciary, then only Parts I and II must be completed.

DATE ESTABLISHED. Enter date of death or date trust was established.

LINE 1—FEDERAL TAXABLE INCOME. Residents: Enter on line 1 the federal taxable income shown on page 1 of the Federal Fiduciary Return, Form 1041. Nonresidents: Enter on line 1 the amount reported in Part III, line 48, column D of Form K-41.

LINE 2—KANSAS FIDUCIARY MODIFICATION. Residents: If there has been no distribution to beneficiaries, enter the fiduciary modification from page 2, line 26. If there has been a distribution to beneficiaries, enter the fiduciary's portion of the modification from page 2, line (j). Nonresidents: No modification is to be made on this line by a nonresident estate or trust.

LINE 3—KANSAS TAXABLE INCOME. If line 2 is a positive amount, add line 2 to line 1 and enter result on line 3. If line 2 is a negative amount, subtract line 2 from line 1 and enter result. If you made no entry on line 2, your Kansas taxable income is the same as your federal taxable income so enter that amount on line 3.

LINE 4—TAX. To compute the fiduciary income tax, refer to the tax computation schedule on the last page of Form K-41. Enter the tax amount on line 4.

LINE 5—TAX ON LUMP SUM DISTRIBUTIONS. If a resident estate or trust received income from a lump sum distribution and a federal tax was imposed on this income in accordance with federal Internal Revenue Code, Section 402(e), then the resident estate or trust is also subject to Kansas tax on the lump sum distribution.

Enter on line 5 an amount equal to 13% of the federal tax on the ordinary income portion of the lump sum distribution determined on federal Form 4972.

LINE 6—NONRESIDENT BENEFICIARY TAX. Enter the amount of nonresident beneficiary tax reported on page 3, Part IV of Form K-41. This amount is the total of column E.

LINE 7—TOTAL KANSAS TAX. Add lines 4, 5 and 6.

LINE 8—CREDIT FOR TAXES PAID TO OTHER STATES (FOR RESIDENTS ONLY). If you paid income tax to another state, and

the income derived from the other state is included in your Kansas adjusted gross income (KAGI), you may be eligible for a credit against your Kansas tax liability. If you had income from a state that has no state income tax, make no entry on line 8 and go to line 9. A copy of the return filed with the other state(s), or a copy of Federal Form 1116 (if applicable) for claiming a foreign tax credit, must be enclosed with Kansas Form K-41.

<u>Foreign Tax Credit</u>: As used in this section "state" means any state of the United States, District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, any territory or possession of the United States, and any foreign country or political subdivision of a foreign country. The Kansas credit for foreign taxes is first limited to the difference between the actual tax paid to the foreign country and the foreign tax credit allowed on the federal return. If you claimed the foreign tax paid as an itemized deduction on your federal return, no credit is allowed in this section.

Foreign Tax Worksheet				
Α.	2013 tax paid to the foreign country	\$		
В.	LESS: Federal foreign tax credit allowed	\$		
C.	EQUALS: Kansas foreign tax limitation. Enter this amount on line 1 of the following worksheet	\$		

If you are a **Kansas resident**, use the following worksheet to determine your credit for tax paid to another state(s). **Nonresidents may not claim this credit** against Kansas tax.

	Other State Tax Credit Worksheet				
1)	Income tax paid to another state(s) and included in your 2013 Kansas Adjusted Gross Income\$				
2)	Kansas tax liability\$				
3)	Other state's taxable income\$				
4)	Kansas taxable income\$				
5)	Percentage limitation (divide line 3 by line 4)%				
6) 7)	Limitation amount (multiply line 2 by line 5) \$ Allowable credit (amount from line 1 or line 6,				
	whichever is less)\$				

LINE 9—UNIVERSITY DEFERRED MAINTENANCE CREDIT (for carry forward use only). If you made contributions for deferred maintenance to a designated Kansas university, enter the carry forward amount of the <u>approved</u> credit on line 9.

LINE 10—OTHER NONREFUNDABLE CREDITS. Some tax credits have expired, or have been repealed for use by income tax filers. Below is a list of credits that are still available. Enter the total of all tax credits for which you are eligible. In claiming credits, you must complete and enclose with your Form K-41 the required schedule(s).

Agritourism Liability Insurance (for carry forward use only)	K-33
Business & Job Development (for carry forward use only)	K-34
Community Service Contribution	K-60
Declared Disaster Capital Investment (for carry forward use only)	K-87
Disabled Access (for carry forward use only)	K-37
Film Production (for carry forward use only)	K-86
High Performance Incentive Program	K-59
Research and Development (for carry forward use only)	K-53
Venture and Local Seed Capital (for carry forward use only)	K-55

LINE 11—TOTAL CREDITS. Add lines 8, 9 and 10.

LINE 12—BALANCE. Subtract line 11 from line 7. If the amount for line 12 is a negative amount, enter zero.

LINE 13—KANSAS INCOME TAX WITHHELD. Enter any amount of Kansas withholding. KDOR does not require that copies of W-2 or 1099 forms be enclosed with your return; however, KDOR reserves the right to ask for this information at a later date. Note: You must enclose any K-19 forms with your Form K-41.

LINE 14—AMOUNT PAID WITH KANSAS EXTENSION. Enter any amount paid with an extension of time request.

LINE 15—REFUNDABLE PORTION OF TAX CREDITS. Enter the refundable portion of your community service contribution credit from Schedule K-60. Enclose a copy of the schedule with your return.

LINE 16—PAYMENTS REMITTED WITH ORIGINAL RETURN. If you are filing an amended K-41 for the 2013 tax year, enter the amount of money you remitted to KDOR with your original 2013 return.

LINE 17—OVERPAYMENT FROM ORIGINAL RETURN. If you are **filing an amended K-41** for the 2013 tax year, enter the amount of overpayment shown on your original return. Since you were refunded this amount, it is a subtraction entry.

LINE 18—TOTAL REFUNDABLE CREDITS. Add lines 13 through 16 and subtract line 17. Enter the total on line 18.

LINE 19—UNDERPAYMENT. If your tax balance on line 12 is greater than your total refundable credits on line 18, enter the difference on line 19.

<u>Late Charges</u>: If the amount on line 19 is not paid by the due date, or if a balance due return is filed after the due date, penalty and interest are added according to the rules outlined in lines 20 and 21.

Extension of Time: Interest is due on any delinquent tax balance, even if you have been granted an extension of time to file. If **90%** of your tax liability is paid on or before the original due date of your return, an automatic extension is applied and no penalty is assessed.

LINE 20—INTEREST. Using the amount on line 19, compute interest at .333% for each month (or portion thereof) from the due date of the return.

LINE 21—PENALTY. Compute penalty at **1% per month** (or portion thereof) from the due date of the return on the amount on line 19. The maximum penalty is 24%.

LINE 22—BALANCE DUE. Add lines 19, 20 and 21 and enter result on line 22. Write your federal Employer Identification Number (EIN) on your check or money order, made payable to *Kansas Fiduciary Tax* and send it with your return. Do not send cash. A balance due of less than \$5.00 need not be paid.

LINE 23—REFUND. If line 18 is greater than line 12, subtract line 12 from line 18 and enter the amount of the refund on line 23. Amounts less than \$5.00 will not be refunded.

Normal processing time to issue a refund is six to eight weeks. Errors on your return, photocopied forms, and incomplete returns or missing documentation will cause delays in processing refunds. **Note:** If there is any other liability owed the State of Kansas, the fiduciary income tax refund will be applied to that liability.

SIGNATURES. The fiduciary MUST sign Form K-41. If prepared by someone other than the fiduciary, the preparer should also sign. No refund can be made unless the return is properly signed.

<u>Preparer Authorization Box</u>: It may be necessary for KDOR to contact you about your tax return. If you wish to have the Director of Taxation or his/her designee contact your tax preparer instead, please give permission to do so by checking this box.

PARTI

LINE 24a—STATE AND MUNICIPAL INTEREST. Enter interest income received, credited, or earned from any state or municipal obligations during the taxable year, less any related expenses (management fees, trustee fees, interest, etc.) directly incurred in the purchase of state or political subdivision obligations. Do not include those specifically exempt from income tax by Kansas law, such as: Kansas turnpike authority bonds, Board of Regents bonds for Kansas colleges and universities, electrical generation revenue bonds, urban renewal bonds, industrial revenue bonds, or Kansas highway bonds.

Interest income on obligations of Kansas or any political subdivision thereof, issued after December 31, 1987, shall be excluded from computation of Kansas taxable income.

LINE 24b—STATE INCOME TAX OR LOCAL TAXES. Enter any state, county, or city income or earnings taxes which are included in your federal deductions.

LINE 24c—ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES. Enter the amount of administrative expenses claimed on both the Kansas estate tax return and on the federal fiduciary tax return.

LINE 24d—OTHER ADDITIONS TO FEDERAL TAXABLE INCOME. Enter the total of these additions to federal taxable income:

- Federal Income Tax Refund. Generally, there will be no entry here unless an amended federal return has been filed for a prior year due to an investment credit carry back or a net operating loss carry back which resulted in a federal income tax refund in 2013 for that prior year.
- Partnership, S Corporation, or Fiduciary Adjustments. If income was received from a partnership, S corporation, joint venture, syndicate, estate or trust, enter your proportionate share of any required addition adjustments. The partnership, S corporation, or trustee will provide you the necessary information to determine these amounts.
- Federal Net Operating Loss Carry Forward. Enter the federal net operating loss carry forward claimed on the 2013 federal income tax return.
- Community Service Contribution Credit. Enter amount of any charitable contribution claimed on the federal return used to compute this credit on Schedule K-60.
- Learning Quest Education Savings Program. Enter amount of any "nonqualified withdrawal" from the Learning Quest Education Savings Program.
- Kansas Expensing Recapture. If you have a Kansas expensing deduction recapture amount from Schedule K-120EX, enter the amount of your deduction on line 24d and enclose a copy of your completed K-120EX and federal Form 4562.

LINE 24e—TOTAL ADDITIONS. Add lines 24a through 24d.

LINE 25a—INTEREST ON U.S. GOVERNMENT OBLIGATIONS.

Enter any interest or dividend income received on obligations or securities of any authority, commission, or instrumentality of the United States and its possessions, less any related expenses (management fees, trustee fees, interest, etc.) directly incurred in the purchase of such obligations or securities, to the extent they are included in federal taxable income if they are exempt from state income taxes under the laws of the United States. Such

income paid to shareholders through a mutual fund is also exempt from Kansas tax. If the mutual fund invests in both exempt and non-exempt federal obligations, the modification allowed will be that portion of the distribution received from the mutual fund attributable to direct obligations of the U.S. government, as determined by the mutual fund. These obligations include: U.S. Savings Bonds, U.S. Treasury Bills, Federal Land Bank, etc. Enclose a schedule indicating the name of each U.S. Government obligation claimed.

LINE 25b—STATE INCOME TAX REFUNDS. Enter any state or local income tax refunds which are included in line 1 of Form K-41.

LINE 25c—RETIREMENT BENEFITS. Enter any federal civil service retirement annuity paid from the Federal Civil Service Retirement or Disability Fund and any other amounts received as retirement benefits which were earned for being employed by the federal government or for service in the armed forces of the United States which is included in the federal taxable income.

Enter any Kansas pension benefits received which are specifically exempt from Kansas income tax if it was included in the federal taxable income. Exempt Kansas pensions include: Kansas Public Employees' Retirement Annuities, Kansas Teachers' Retirement Annuities, Kansas Police and Firemen's Retirement System pensions, Kansas Highway Patrol pensions, Justices and Judges Retirement System, Board of Public Utilities, Washburn University pensions, and certain pensions received from first class cities, not covered by the Kansas Public Employees' Retirement System.

Faculty and others employed by the State Board of Regents, or by educational institutions under its management, are entitled to Kansas tax exemption on income derived from retirement annuity contracts purchased for them by the State Board of Regents with either their direct contributions or through salary reduction plans.

Benefits received from all railroad retirement plans administered by the U.S. Railroad Retirement Board are exempt from state taxation by federal law. Enter any railroad retirement benefits received from the U.S. Railroad Retirement Board which are included in federal taxable income. This exemption from Kansas taxes includes tier I, tier II, dual vested benefits and supplemental annuities.

LINE 25d—OTHER SUBTRACTIONS FROM FEDERAL TAXABLE INCOME. Enter on line 25d the total of these other subtractions from federal taxable income. **Note:** You may <u>not</u> subtract the amount of income reported to another state.

- Social Security Benefits (for taxpayers with federal adjusted gross income of \$75,000 or less). Enter the amount received as benefits under the Social Security Act (including SSI) in 2013, to the extent it is included in federal adjusted gross income.
- FPERS Lump Sum Roll Over. Enter the amounts withdrawn from a qualified retirement account and include any earnings thereon to the extent that the amounts withdrawn were originally received as a KPERS lump sum payment at retirement that you rolled over into a qualified retirement account and the amount entered is included in federal adjusted gross income. Do not make an entry if the amount withdrawn consists of income that was originally received from retirement annuity contracts purchased for faculty and others employed by the State Board of Regents or by educational institutions under its management with either their direct contributions or through salary reduction plans or, a pension received from any Kansas first class city that is not covered by the Kansas Public Employee's Retirement System.

- KPERS Lump Sum Distribution. Employees who terminated KPERS employment after July 1, 1984, and elect to receive their contributions in a lump sum distribution will report their taxable contributions on their federal return. Subtract the amount of the withdrawn accumulated contributions or partial lump-sum payment(s) to the extent either is included in federal adjusted gross income. See NOTICE 05-04 for additional information.
- Sale of Kansas Turnpike Bonds. Enter the gain from the sale of Kansas Turnpike Bonds if the gain was included in the federal taxable income.
- Partnership, S Corporation or Fiduciary Adjustments. If income was received from a partnership, S corporation, joint venture, syndicate, trust or estate, enter the proportionate share of any required subtraction adjustments. The partnership, S corporation, or beneficiary will provide you with the necessary information to determine this amount.
- Jobs Tax Credit. Enter amount of the federal targeted jobs tax credit disallowance claimed on the Federal Income Tax return
- Kansas Venture Capital, Inc. Dividends. Enter amount of dividend income received from Kansas Venture Capital, Inc.
- S Corporation Privilege Adjustment. If you are a shareholder in a bank, savings and loan, or other financial institution that is organized as an S corporation, enter the portion of any income received that was not distributed as a dividend. This income has already been taxed on the privilege tax return filed by the S corporation financial institution.
- Electrical Generation Revenue Bonds. Enter the amount included in federal taxable income.
- Learning Quest Education Savings Program. Enter contributions deposited in the Learning Quest Education Savings Program, or a qualified 529 tuition program established by another state, up to a maximum of \$3,000 per student (beneficiary).
- Armed Forces Recruitment, Sign-Up or Retention Bonus. Members of the armed forces of the United States (including Kansas army and air national guard): enter amounts received as a recruitment, sign up or retention bonus you received as an incentive to join, enlist or remain in the armed forces of the United States, to the extent included in federal adjusted gross income. Also include amounts you received for repayment of educational or student loans incurred by you or for which you are obligated, and received as a result of your service in the armed forces of the United States, to the extent included in federal adjusted gross income.

LINE 25e—TOTAL SUBTRACTIONS. Add lines 25a through 25d and enter the total on line 25e.

LINE 26—NET MODIFICATION TO FEDERAL TAXABLE INCOME. Subtract line 25e from line 24e. Enter the total on line 26 and on line 2, page 1, Form K-41. If there are beneficiaries, refer to Part II.

PART II

Part II is used to determine the allocation of the shares of the Kansas fiduciary modification. The Kansas fiduciary modification is divided among the beneficiaries and the fiduciary in proportion to their share of the federal distributable net income plus the amount contributed or required to be contributed from current income to charitable beneficiaries.

If there is no federal distributable net income, each beneficiary's

share of the Kansas fiduciary modification shall be in proportion to each share of the estate or trust income distributed. Any balance of the Kansas fiduciary modification not allocated to the beneficiaries is allocable to the fiduciary.

When the allocation of the Kansas fiduciary modification, as provided by law, would result in an amount that is substantially inequitable, the fiduciary may, with the permission of the Director of Taxation, use such other methods of allocation that will produce a fair and equitable result to both the fiduciary and the beneficiary. Kansas law does not permit the fiduciary to elect to pay the tax on income properly applicable to a beneficiary by including such income in its share of the modification. The estate or trust must advise each beneficiary of their share of the Kansas fiduciary modification. The amount reported in Column D is the amount which the fiduciary is required to submit to each beneficiary.

Column A. Enter on lines (a), (b), (c) and (d) the names and addresses of Kansas resident beneficiaries. Nonresident beneficiaries should be listed on lines (e), (f), (g) and (h).

Column B. Enter the Social Security numbers of the beneficiaries.

Column C. Enter the percentage of the estate or trust to be distributed to each beneficiary in accordance with the documents or the laws controlling distribution of the estate or trust. The percentage allocated to charitable beneficiaries and to the fiduciary itself should be shown on the appropriate lines. Total allocation must equal 100%.

Column D. Enter on lines (a) through (i) each beneficiary's share of the Kansas fiduciary modification. Enter on line (j) the resident fiduciary's share of the modification. To determine each individual's and the fiduciary's share of the Kansas fiduciary modification, multiply the amount on line 26, Part I, by the percentage in Column C.

Important — You need not complete Parts III and IV if you are filing a <u>resident estate</u> or <u>trust</u> where all beneficiaries are <u>Kansas</u> <u>residents</u>. If there are nonresident beneficiaries, you must complete Parts III and IV.

PART III

Part III is used to compute the federal taxable income of the estate or trust from Kansas sources. It is to be completed by all resident estates and trusts which have nonresident beneficiaries and by all nonresident estates and trusts with income or gain from Kansas sources. Nonresident estates or trusts should report to Kansas only that part of their federal taxable income derived from Kansas sources. The income to be reported, and the modifications to that income, are determined in this part.

Column A. Column A lists the items of income and modifications that correspond to those shown on the federal fiduciary tax return.

Column B. Enter total income or deductions reported or claimed on the federal fiduciary tax return for each item listed in Column A.

Column C. Enter that part of each item of income reported in Column B that is derived from Kansas sources. Use direct accounting whenever possible. Intangible income will not be considered to be from Kansas sources except where it is part of a business, trade, or occupation carried on in Kansas. Any item entered in Column C should reflect the amount that remains after all modifications have been performed.

FOR EXAMPLE: State or local income taxes deducted on the federal return would not be included in Column C. State income tax refunds reported as income on the federal return would not be included in Column C. Also, any income from other estates, trusts,

or partnerships should be modified, if necessary, before the item is entered in Column C.

Do not carry over any administration expenses from Column B to Column C if these expenses were claimed on both the Kansas Estate Tax Return and the federal fiduciary tax return.

Capital gains from Kansas sources should be entered in Column C only if the gain is distributed to the beneficiaries.

Depreciation, depletion, and federal estate tax not included on Federal Form 1041 and passed directly to the beneficiaries should be entered on the appropriate lines of Column C (e.g., line 41a).

Enter on line 41a other deductions not provided for on lines 36 through 40. These deductions should be directly allocated where possible. If it is not possible to directly relate those deductions to income from Kansas sources, they should be apportioned by multiplying the deductions by the ratio of total Kansas income (line 35, Column C) divided by total federal income (line 35, Column B).

Net income of the estate or trust from Kansas sources, after all modifications, is to be entered on line 48, Column C.

Enter on line 49, Column C, the total percentages of all nonresident beneficiaries only. These percentages are determined by the documents or laws controlling distribution of the estate or trust.

Enter on line 50, Column C, the total income from Kansas sources of all nonresident beneficiaries. This amount is computed by multiplying line 48, Column C, by the percentage entered on line 49, Column C.

Column D. Column D is to be completed by nonresident fiduciaries only. Enter in Column D that part of Column C applicable to the fiduciary. The amount to be entered in Column D is computed by multiplying each entry in +Column C by the fiduciary's percentage of the Kansas fiduciary adjustment as shown in Part II.

A capital gain from Kansas sources that is not distributed to the beneficiaries should be entered on line 30, Column D.

Nonresident Fiduciary Exemption. Enter on line 46, Part III, Column D, the amount of the nonresident fiduciary exemption determined by the following formula:

1)	Exemption on federal Form 1041	\$
2)	Kansas income of nonresident estate or trust (Part III, line 43, Column D)	\$
3)	Federal income	
	(Part III, line 43, Column B)	\$
4)	Ratio (Divide line 2 by line 3)	%
5)	Nonresident fiduciary exemption (multiply line 1 by line 4)	\$

Line 48, Column D, is the net income of the nonresident estate or trust from Kansas sources applicable to the fiduciary which should be entered on line 1 of Form K-41.

PART IV

Part IV is used to compute the nonresident beneficiaries' shares of income and to compute the amount of tax to be withheld by the fiduciary of a resident estate or trust from the amount distributed or distributable to the nonresident beneficiaries. Fiduciaries must provide to each nonresident beneficiary the amount of the nonresident beneficiary's share of income. In addition, Kansas law requires the fiduciary of a resident estate or

trust to withhold tax from a nonresident beneficiary and to pay the amount of this tax with the Form K-41.

Column A. Enter on lines (a) through (d) the names and addresses of the nonresident beneficiaries.

Column B. Enter the Social Security numbers of the nonresident beneficiaries.

Column C. Enter on lines (a) through (d) the percentage of the estate or trust to be distributed to each beneficiary in accordance with the documents or laws controlling distribution of the estate or trust. **Note:** Since neither the resident beneficiaries' nor the fiduciary's percentages are shown here, it is unlikely this column will total 100%.

Column D. Enter on lines (a) through (d) each beneficiary's portion of the total taxable income from Kansas sources by multiplying Column C by the amount on line 48, Column C, Part III.

Column E. Compute the amount of tax to be withheld from each nonresident beneficiary by multiplying each beneficiary's income in column D by 2.5%. Enter these amounts on lines (a) through (d). The tax reported in this column is to be withheld and paid by the fiduciary for the beneficiary. Enter the total amount from Column E on page 1, line 6, Form K-41. Column E need not be calculated to completion if the nonresident share has already been withheld.

If any tax is required to be withheld, complete a Form K-18 for each nonresident beneficiary. The Form K-18 and instructions are on the last page of Form K-41.

State of Kansas Department of Revenue PO Box 758571 Topeka, KS 66675-8571

PRSRT STD U.S. POSTAGE PAID KANSAS DEPT. OF REVENUE

Taxpayer Assistance

ksrevenue.gov

Filing. For assistance in completing your Kansas Fiduciary Income Tax return, contact our Taxpayer Assistance Center.

Tax Assistance Center
Docking State Office Building - 1st floor
915 SW Harrison Street
Topeka, KS 66612-1588

PHONE: (785) 368-8222 FAX: (785) 291-3614

HOURS: 8:00 a.m. to 4:45 p.m. (M-F)

Forms. Your Kansas return is imaged on our computers, enabling us to process your return faster and with fewer errors. In order for our system to work, it is important that you use care in completing your return.

- Use only black or dark blue ink and write legibly.
- Send the original copy, not a photocopy, to KDOR.
- Your EIN is part of your Kansas tax account number. To ensure proper credit to your account, include it on your return.
- <u>Do not</u> staple or otherwise attach pages of the return or check together.
- If you use a software package to complete your Kansas return, be sure it is approved by KDOR.
 Visit ksrevenue.gov for a list of approved software vendors.
- If you are "reproducing" your own tax forms, contact KDOR for information on the approval process.